



Joint Protection and Shelter Frontline Response Kismaayo & Afmadow Districts, Jubaland State

Background:

In July 2024, fighting between Jubaland forces - with the support of the Somali National Army (SNA) - and Al-Shabaab (AS) took place in the villages of **Harbole, Mido, Bibi, Soya,** and **Bula-Haji** in **Afmadow district, Lower Jubba**. The military intervention was intended to gain control of the Kismaayo-Afmadow and Dhobley-Afmadow roads, ensuring the access to the major towns in Afmadow district.

Jubaland forces are reportedly in control of Harbole and Bula-Haji villages, though Al-Shabaab are alleged to be instructing local communities to move out of these liberated areas particularly from Bula-Haji. This has caused fear among the communities, leading to movements out of these villages towards Kismaayo on foot, and using donkeys and camels as a mode of transport.

According to the Protection and Solutions Monitoring Network (PSMN), the conflict has impacted local communities in these districts, with approximately **300 households** consisting of **1,800 individuals** displaced to **Afmadow**¹ and **270 households** (**1,620 individuals**) to **Kismaayo**². In addition, Jubaland Commission for Refugees and IDPs (JUCRI) issued a Rapid Needs Assessment report on 30 July 2024 indicating **4,968 individuals** (**828 households**). The difference in data indicates the fluidity of the situation and continuous influx of IDPs.

The newly displaced population have settled in various locations throughout West Kismayo such as **Bilicsan, Dalsan, Basra, Dalxiska, Barkada Shariifada, Qarsa, Turqato, Yontoy and Gasho.** They are in a dire humanitarian situation requiring assistance and humanitarian actors to scale up their response, which must be efficiently coordinated through the Protection Cluster sub-national coordinators and Area Based Coordination structures.

The priority protection risks reported during this conflict and displacement are:

- Unlawful impediments or restrictions to freedom of movement, siege and forced displacement: considering the ongoing tensions and the high likelihood of continued clashes between the Jubaland forces and AS and increase in forced displacement.
- Forced recruitment and association of children in armed forces and groups: displaced persons
 voiced concerns that the risk of non-state armed actor (AS) forcibly recruiting men and boys from
 the conflict affected areas.
- Risk of Improvised Explosive Devices (IEDs) and ERWs: This poses significant risk to civilians especially during displacement of the conflict affected areas. The impact of IEDs on civilians can be devastating, causing death, serious injury, and long-term psychological trauma.
- **Child and forced family separation:** Displaced people, driven by fear, often lack proper transportation, putting vulnerable individuals at risk of being left behind.
- Psychological distress and deterioration of mental wellbeing: As a result of displacement, civilians continue to experience psychological distress due to exposure to violence, political

¹ <u>UNHCR Somalia Flash Alert #14 - Jubbaland Forces Conflict with Al-Shabaab in Villages Surrounding Afmadow District Displaces Approximately 1.800 Individuals</u>

² <u>UNHCR Somalia - Flash Alert 15 - Over 1,620 Individuals Displaced from Bullo-Haji Arrive in Kismayo Following Recent Clashes between Jubbaland Forces and Al-</u>Shabaab





instability, poor living conditions, lack of livelihood activities and widespread damage and destruction. The military offensive significantly affected the displaced population, especially children, highlighting their difficult situation.

- **Child, early or forced marriage:** IDPs reported that child, early or forced marriage is a major protection concern in Kismayo faced by women and girls.
- **Gender-based violence:** the risk has been reported by local partners to be on the rise.

Protection and Shelter Cluster Joint Frontline Response:

The Protection and Shelter Clusters continue to work with all partners, including Area Based Coordination structures, to ensure a proper coordination response to identify gaps, avoid duplication and to promote the centrality of protection in the frontline protection response. Ensuring the inclusion of the most vulnerable within the affected communities including minority and marginalized groups, elderly, persons with disabilities, women, boys, and girls.

This joint response is aligned with the Inter-sectoral Response Framework (IRF) and Protection Cluster's 2024 Somalia Response Strategy. Moreover, Kismaayo and Afmadow districts are designated as Humanitarian Country Team (HCT) priority districts and have an Area-Based Coordination (ABC) mechanism.

As of 27 August, the following are the joint mobilized response:

District	Location	Partner	Response	Targeted households	Status
Afmadow	Dhobley	NRC	NRC will establish 3 protection desks in Dhobley operated by the PSMN monitors. NRC is also going to deploy additional 2 Case Workers per desk to support PSMN monitors with coaching and mentoring. At the protection desks, those with protection risks and vulnerabilities will be identified and supported with Individual Protection Assistance (IPA) through cash modalities and referrals. In each of the protection desks, there will be mobile activities carried out in the surrounding villages.	3 Protection Desks	Planned
Afmadow	Afmadow	IOM	Distribution of tarpaulins for the displaced persons in Afmadow	11,500 HHs	Planned
Afmadow	Afmadow	NRC	NRC will establish 3 protection desks in Afmadow operated by the PSMN monitors. NRC is also going	3 Protection Desks	Planned



			to deploy additional 2 Case Workers per desk to support PSMN monitors with coaching and mentoring. At the protection desks, those with protection risks and vulnerabilities will be identified and supported with Individual Protection Assistance (IPA) through cash modalities and referrals. In each of the protection desks, there will be mobile activities carried out in the surrounding villages.		
Afmadow	Afmadow and Dhobley	UNHCR	Multi-Purpose Cash Assistance (MPCA) to the displaced population. UNHCR has completed the Vulnerability Assessment and planned to release by the first week of September	250 HHs	Planned
Afmadow	Dhobley	DRC	DRC conducted Best Interest Assessments (BIAs) and provided support to unaccompanied children in Dhobley.	5 children	Completed
Kismaayo	Bilicsan, Dalsan, Basra, Dalxiska, Barkada Shariifada, Qarsa, Turqato, Yontoy and Gasho	UNHCR	Referrals: UNHCR coordinated 25 referrals received from partners, including 3 cases referred by minority organizations, 5 health-related cases, 13 livelihood-related cases, and 2 GBV cases (allegations of sexual violence). All cases have been referred to the relevant partners, including the livelihood, protection and health partners based in Kismaayo.	25 persons	Completed
Kismaayo	Bilicsan, Dalsan, Basra, Dalxiska, Barkada Shariifada, Qarsa, Turqato, Yontoy and Gasho	UNHCR	Following a multi-agency rapid needs assessment in West Kismaayo, Shelter plans to support the 680 most vulnerable households. Each household will receive an NFI kit per the national cluster NFI guidelines. These kits include (3 blankets, 2 jerry cans, 2 mosquito nets, 1 plastic sheet, 2 sleeping mats, 1 solar lamp, and 1 kitchen set). The aim is to help families recover from the impact of conflict by restoring essential non-	680 HHs	Completed



			food items lost, thereby promoting		
			their recovery with dignity.		
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			Additionally, UNHCR will coordinate		
			with other clusters and inter-cluster		
			partners to address other sectoral		
			gaps in WASH, health, and food to		
			respond to the identified needs		
			comprehensively. To enhance		
			community engagement, UNHCR		
			will utilize Juba Foundation		
			protection help desk to facilitate		
			regular feedback sessions, enabling		
			the community to express their		
			experiences and concerns regarding		
			the response. The feedback		
			collected will be analyzed and used		
			to adjust the response as needed,		
			ensuring it aligns with the		
			community's evolving needs.		
Kismaayo	Bilicsan,	UNHCR	Distribution of plastic tarpaulins to	450 HHs	Completed
	Dalsan, Basra,	AVORD &	450 HHs in the west of Kismaayo		
	Dalxiska, Barkada	JUCRI			
	Shariifada,				
	Qarsa,				
	Turqato,				
	Yontoy and				
	Gasho				
Kismaayo	Bilicsan	UNHCR	Distribution of Dignity Kits	20 HHs	Completed
Kismaayo	Bilicsan,	UNHCR	Unconditional Cash Transfer to the	440 HHs	Planned
	Dalsan, Basra,		displaced population UNHCR has		
	Dalxiska,		completed the Vulnerability		
	Barkada		Assessment and planned to release		
	Shariifada,		by the first week of September		
	Qarsa,				
	Turqato,				
	Yontoy and				
Kismaayo	Gasho Kismaayo	UNFPA	Distribution of Dignity Kits	300 (girls and	Planned
Kisiliaayu	KisiliaayU	ONIFA	(reproductive health) in Kismaayo	women)	riaiilleu
Kismaayo	Bilicsan	NRC	NRC, in collaboration with Juba	3	Ongoing
			Foundation, has established a		
			Protection Desk in the Bilicsan area		
			to address the needs of the		
			displaced population. NRC and Juba		
			Foundation will deploy four PSMN		
			monitors in the area who will:		





. Conduct sensitization and	
awareness sessions on protection	
risks, threats, and vulnerabilities	
using protection cluster key	
messages, identifying and referring	
protection-related cases to service	
providers.	
. Perform regular PSMN protection	
monitoring and documentation	
through the PSMN dashboard.	
. Provide information and	
counselling, using Psychological	
First Aid (PFA) techniques to	
support those in need.	
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Additionally, NRC will deploy an	
additional two case workers to	
support the Bilicsan Protection	
Desk and initiate Individual	
Protection Assistance (IPA)	
response including an	
accompaniment package, designed	
to support individuals with	
vulnerabilities or risks by providing	
financial assistance to meet their	
needs or helping them access	
service providers.	

Gaps

Joint Multi-Sectoral Rapid Needs Assessment conducted by iMMAP in Kismayo revealed NFIs and protection response are urgently needed by the newly displaced persons due to the conflict. The top three most urgent NFI needs for the conflict-affected people in Kismayo district are mosquito nets, plastic sheets and tents, and solar lamps.

The Protection and Shelter Clusters continue to advocate for urgent frontline support in hard-to-reach and newly accessible areas to address the protection risks associated with violence, coercion and deprivation and humanitarian needs among the displaced and vulnerable civilian populations.





Photos



IDPs using the UNHCR distributed plastic tarpaulins in Barkada Shariifada settlement, Kismayo.



UNHCR partner (JUCRI) distributing NFIs to the newly displaced in Kismayo.





Juba Foundation staff in Bilicsan site in west of Kismaayo where the conflict displaced IDPs have settled.



Note: Juba Foundation staffs in Bilicsan, west of Kismaayo